Lisp "images" in LBM



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LispBM (LBM)

- Lisp like language for microcontrollers.
 - (,), car, cdr, (+ 1 2)
- With some built-in functionality inspired by Erlang.
 - Pattern matching, message passing, process monitoring.

Target platforms

- Flexible, but mostly
 - STM32 (ARM) microcontrollers.
 - 192KB ram, up to 1MB flash.
 - ESP32C3 (RISC-V) microcontrollers.
 - 400KB ram, 4MB flash.
- Also runs fine on
 - X86, Raspberry PI ...

Purpose

- Integrate into existing embedded application to provide a scripting layer.
 - Sandboxed.
 - Not the only thing using FLASH/RAM.

Problems!

- Our programs are larger than our RAM.
- Flash memory has limitations.
- Booting is slow.

Booting an LBM application













nil













Why are constant blocks tricky

(spawn f)

```
(if (system-initialized)
   ()
   (initialize))
```

(define randomly-long-list (range (random 10)))

```
@const-start
(stuff)
@const-end
```

Summary so far

- The boot process is slow!
- Constant heap is a bit awkward.
 - Careful programming needed!

Images to the rescue!

- Image based development.
 - Smalltalk, SBCL.
 - Fun playful REPL-interaction based development.
 - (save-image)

The idea



Restart



Restart



Restarting a sytem in this way should be MUCH faster than that entire reader based bootup-process from earlier!



Problems!

- Not enough room for a complete copy of HEAP, arrays-memory and constant-heap.
- RTS data-structures must be restored upon image-boot.
 - Symbol numbering, extensions
- Initialization of peripherals.

Decisions

- Not going to save all state.
 - Not saving threads.
 - Not even going to try to automatically reinitialize any peripherals.
 - Not going to save entire RAM heap to image.
 - Not going to save entire arrays memory to image.
- A Startup entry is saved in the image.
 - Reinitialize peripherals.
 - Start up threads.
- Save the values stored in the global environment.



Decisions

- Create the image incrementally
 - The constant heap is built-up inside of the image from the beginning.
 - RTS data-structures that needs to be restored upon image-boot are created inside the image storage by default.
 - Symbol string \leftrightarrow number mappings.
 - Extensions function pointer addresses.
 - Constant heap write position.

Image Structure

- The image is a collection of data fields written into flash.
- Duplicated data fields are allowed, where later fields have priority over earlier. Allows Incremental work towards same image.

#ifdef LBM64

#define IMAGE_INITIALIZED (uint32_t)0xBEEF4001
#else
#define IMAGE_INITIALIZED (uint32_t)0xBEEF2001
#endif

#define CONSTANT_HEAP_IX (uint32_t)0x02
#define BINDING_CONST (uint32_t)0x03
#define BINDING_FLAT (uint32_t)0x04
#define SYMBOL_ENTRY (uint32_t)0x06
#define SYMBOL_LINK_ENTRY (uint32_t)0x07
#define EXTENSION_TABLE (uint32_t)0x08
#define VERSION_ENTRY (uint32_t)0x09

The image

FW
LBM RTS
LISP SOURCE
"IMAGE"

- Constant heap grows from bottom of image and upwards.
- All other data is added from the top and downwards in the image.
- When these two write pointers meet, image is full.



Source is read and evaluated, data-structures built in constant heap. @const-start (define a ...) (define b ...) (defun h ...) @const-end (define i ...) (defun f () ...) (defun g () ...) (defun main () {

})

(image-save)

Source is read and evaluated, data-structures built in RAM heap. @const-start
(define a ...)
(define b ...)

(defun h ...) @const-end

(define i ...) (defun f () ...) (defun g () ...)

(defun main () {

(image-save)

Saves RAM heap structures to image (and more)



Typical Image-save

```
lbm value ext image save(lbm value *args, lbm uint argn) {
  (void) args:
  (void) argn:
  bool r = lbm image save global env();
  lbm uint main sym = ENC SYM NIL;
  if (lbm get symbol by name("main", &main sym)) {
    lbm value binding;
    if ( lbm global env lookup(&binding, lbm_enc_sym(main_sym))) {
      if (lbm is cons(binding) && lbm car(binding) == ENC SYM CLOSURE) {
        goto image has main;
  lbm set error reason("No main function in image\n");
  return ENC SYM EERROR;
 image has main:
  r = r \&\& lbm image save extensions();
  r = r \&\& lbm image save constant heap ix();
  return r ? ENC SYM TRUE : ENC SYM NIL;
```

```
bool lbm image save global env(void) {
  lbm value *env = lbm get global env();
  if (env) {
    for (int i = 0; i < GLOBAL ENV ROOTS; i ++) {</pre>
      lbm value curr = env[i];
      while(lbm is cons(curr)) {
        lbm value name field = lbm caar(curr);
        lbm value val field = lbm cdr(lbm car(curr));
        if (lbm is constant(val field)) {
          write u32(BINDING CONST, &write index, DOWNWARDS);
          write lbm value(name field, &write index, DOWNWARDS);
          write lbm value(val field, &write index, DOWNWARDS);
          else -
          int fv size = image flatten size(val field);
          if (fv size > 0)
             fv size = (fv_size % 4 == 0) ? (fv_size / 4) : (fv_size / 4) + 1; // num 32bit words
             if ((write index - fv size) <= (int32 t)image const heap.next) {
               return false;
            write u32(BINDING FLAT, &write index, DOWNWARDS);
            write u32((uint32 t)fv size , &write index, DOWNWARDS);
             write_lbm_value(name_field, &write_index, DOWNWARDS);
            write_index = write_index - fv_size; // subtract fv_size
if (image_flatten_value(val_field)) { // adds fv_size backq
               // TODO: What error handling makes sense?
               fv_write flush();
             write index = write index - fv size - 1; // subtract fv size
           } else {
             return false;
        curr = lbm cdr(curr);
    return true;
  return false;
```

Boot

- Check if there is an image: 0xBEEF2001
 - Constant heap exists. Initialize
 - Start reading fields from top of image.

Restore environment

```
case BINDING_CONST: {
```

```
lbm_uint bind_key = read_u32(pos);
lbm_uint bind_val = read_u32(pos-1);
pos -= 2;
lbm_uint ix_key = lbm_dec_sym(bind_key) & GLOBAL_ENV_MASK;
lbm_value *global_env = lbm_get_global_env();
lbm_uint orig_env = global_env[ix_key];
lbm_value new_env = lbm_env_set(orig_env,bind_key,bind_val);
```

```
if (lbm_is_symbol(new_env)) {
    return false;
  }
  global_env[ix_key] = new_env;
  break;
```

Restore environment

```
case BINDING FLAT: {
 int32 t s = (int32 t)read u32(pos);
 // size in 32 or 64 bit words.
 lbm uint bind key = read u32(pos-1);
 DOS -= 2:
 DOS -= S:
 lbm flat value t fv;
 fv.buf = (uint8 t*)(image address + pos);
 fv.buf size = (uint32 t)s * sizeof(lbm uint); // GEQ to actual buf
 fv.buf pos = 0;
 lbm value unflattened;
 lbm unflatten value(&fv, &unflattened);
 if (lbm is symbol merror(unflattened)) {
   lbm perform qc();
   lbm unflatten value(&fv. &unflattened);
 lbm uint ix key = lbm dec sym(bind key) & GLOBAL ENV MASK;
 lbm_value *global_env = lbm_get_global env();
 lbm uint orig env = global env[ix key];
 lbm value new env = lbm env set(orig env,bind key,unflattened);
 if (lbm is symbol(new env)) {
   return false:
 global env[ix key] = new env;
 DOS --:
 break;
```

Flatten and un-flatten

- Recursive serialisation and de-serialisation functions.
- We ran out of stack on the thread that performed serialisation and de-serialisation.

Flatten and un-flatten

- Recursive serialisation and de-serialisation functions.
- We ran out of stack on the thread that performed serialisation and de-serialisation.
- Replaced with pointer reversal algorithms!

Thoughts

- Boot is fast!
- Incremental work against image "possible" but not ideal (duplication).
- Program source only read once, constant block determinism is not a problem.
- A "main" or "startup" function is needed.

Thoughts

- Flatten and un-flatten works only on non-cyclic lisp values.
- Flatten/un-flatten duplicates shared nodes.
- Don't really need to store the lisp source in flash at all. Future work.

Duplication

(define a (list 1 2 3))
(define b (append (list 'a 'b) a))
(define c (append (list 'c 'd) a))

Conclusion

- Trade-off image size vs performance.
- Trade-off performance vs "correctness".
- Work around limitations of target platforms.
 - RAM, FLASH, Constant code size concerns.
- Fun.

